Interactive comment on “BGC-val: a model and grid independent python toolkit to evaluate marine biogeochemical models” by Lee de Mora et al.

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Firstly, we’d like to thank both reviewers and the editors at GMD for their kind words and valuable comments. The authors feel that this paper has been significantly improved as a result of their efforts.

In the general comments, both reviewers suggested that we reduce the length of the subsection 1.1 and instead replace it with more information about the existing tools. These changes have been made and instead of adding the new text here, we refer you to read the new section in the attached draft.

Both reviewers wanted more information about the future development of this tool and how it relates to ESMValTool. Fortunately, since submitting this paper, Lee de Mora has become a contributor to the ESMValTool repository and has learned a lot about the current state of that toolkit. In addition to the changes to section 1.1, we have added the following section to the conclusion:

While it is a separate toolkit, many of the evaluation metrics used in BGC-val will also be ported onto the ESMValTool (Poloczanska et al., 2016) platform by the authors of this paper. When ported into ESMValTool version 2, these metrics will be made available for use by the wider Earth system model evaluation community.

Both reviewers also caught the absence of citations for the met office toolkit, Ocean assess. Unfortunately, the authors are not aware of a reference to describe the ocean assess toolkit, and don’t know if there a public facing description of this tool; we can’t find a paper, a website, or a publicly visible code repository. However, we hesitate to remove ocean assess from the manuscript as it was a significant progenitor of this toolkit and it is a valuable tool in its own right. We have gone into more detail about Ocean Assess in Section 1.1.

The specific comments from both reviewers have also been addressed in the revised article and the changes are outlined below. The reviewer comments are quoted in italics and ours comments are shown in normal font afterwards. The technical corrections were also addressed in full, but as they were straightforward, we do not repeated them here. Also note that we have changed the DOI to the code on Zenodo to reflect the latest version of BGC-val.

Once again, thanks for your efforts reviewing and editing this manuscript,

Sincerely,

Lee de Mora, Andrew Yool, Julien Palmieri, Alistair Sellar, Till Kuhlbrodt, Ekaterina Popova, Colin Jones, and J. Icarus Allen
1 Anonymous Referee #1

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1.1 General comments

The manuscript from De Mora and co-authors provides a detailed description of both technical and scientific aspects of a new framework, named BGC-val, to perform routine operations and multi-model analyses of marine physical and biogeochemical quantities. Beside the wide range of functions to deeply dissect model data, a key aspect is the standardised approach that makes this tool model and grid independent. BGC-val represents a good step forward to support not only a single model but also the analysis of the broad ensemble of data from the CMIP exercises. The rationale supporting the development of the tool is somehow misleading (see specific comments) and can be better tailored to model evaluation purposes rather than development/application. Moreover, the potential of this tool with respect to the existing ones should be better framed. Overall, the BGC-val work flow is clearly described and an exhaustive set of examples is provided to illustrate its usage and degree of flexibility offered to the end-user. In particular, the different functionalities of the evaluation framework are thoroughly described and the outcomes are collected in a very user-friendly interface (as from the support material).

Thank you for their kind words and clear summary.

1.2 Specific comments

1. The introductory sub-section 1.1 provide a long description on different issues, spanning from the degree of complexity in marine ecosystem models, the computational effort required to analyse ocean biogeochemistry in comparison with land system, and the possible strategies to tune ESM models against observational data. Given that the purpose of the section was to describe the ideas that motivated the development of the BGC-val framework, I would have expected instead a clear review of the existing literature to support the need of a new, flexible framework. I suggest the authors to revise this section by including a description of present state of the art tools in comparison to BGC-val and by remarkably re-sizing less relevant paragraphs related more to model development than their evaluation. In addition, the section will benefit from a short paragraph focusing on the observational datasets that are routinely used and ingested by BGC-val within the validation of UKESM1. This could provide a good starting point to foster the discussion within the modelling community toward the definition of a common framework also for data usage in comparison exercises.

Both reviewers have suggested that we reduce the length of the subsection 1.1 and instead replace it with more information about the existing tools, and information about the observational data used. These changes have been made and instead of adding the new text here, we refer you to the new section in the attached draft.

2. As far that overall considerations of computationally cheap or expensive operations are addressed, I see the need for a technical description of BGC-val usage requirements or at least a description of its computational performance/skills on JASMIN system (used CPU’s, memory requirements etc…) to allow the end-user determining beforehand if the tool can be deployed on its own system. I also suggest to revise the Section 3 as single paragraph by streamlining the text on the work flow (which already have a step-wise organisation) and by removing redundant comments between the existing subsections. Finally, I guess that BGC-val may include some degree of parallelism, if so, a brief description of where parallel instances/computations are performed within the work flow could be very helpful.

We’ve added the following paragraph to the end of section 5:

We've added the following paragraph to the end of section 5:
The computation cost required to perform these evaluations depends on several factors: including the number of models being investigated, the number of years being investigated, the size of the model grid, the number of depth fields, the number of metrics requested, the number of regions requested, the number of depth layers requested, the number of fields under investigation, and the power of the computational system being used.

To give a coarse estimate of the computational cost of the tool, we applied BGC-va to a single model (HadGEM2-ES), for a single CMIP5 field (no3), over a single layer (surface), in a single region (global), over the entire CMIP5 historical period (1850-2007), and ran the time series, profile and a point to point comparison and the html report maker. We used the JASMIN sci1 processing node, and ran three iterations. The wallclock time needed to run all evaluation metrics, produce all plots, and make the final html report was 5 minutes 39 seconds, as reported by the Linux utility time.

3. The proposed example of BGC-val summary report contains analysis also for physical ocean quantities, e.g. Drake passage flow and AMOC. Authors report that computations for these quantities were adapted from the Ocean Assess tool, which is unfortunately not available to the public and methodologies are not clearly referenced. For such a reason, I think it is preferable to avoid pointing/referencing at Ocean Assess methodologies (see section 1.2 and 5). Authors can instead provide some details on the computation methods for these metrics (if relevant to the manuscript) or improve the description of custom functions reported in section 5 (namely cmip5DrakePassage, cmip5AMOC).

We made some comments about this in the introduction of this document. Unfortunately, we’re not able to find a reference for Ocean Assess.

4. Authors clearly state that they will continue to develop and apply the toolkit in the future which is quite an interesting and promising perspective. However this seems to stride with the development of ESMValTool that is also receiving contributions and support from authors (see section 1.2). At this stage, it seems reasonable to assume that ESMValTool will include in the next period several features from BGC-val. It looks to me that BGC-val will become a mirror of ESMValTool ocean analysis at some point, so could it be possible to converge into a single tool instead of having duplicated efforts?

We have added more information about our contributions to ESMValTool in the conclusion section. This was also reproduced in this response letter, above.

1.3 Technical corrections

The technical corrections were also addressed in full, but we have not reproduced these here.

2 Anonymous Referee #2

Received and published: 4 July 2018

2.1 General Comments

de Mora et al., present a overview, introduction and description of the BGC-val toolkit for evaluating biogeochemical models. It includes the motivating philosophy, the structure and basic use of the toolkit demonstrated by examples. I have not personally used BGC-val before so hopefully my comments are a useful measure of the accessibility of the manuscript to the wider biogeochemical modelling community. Overall, the toolkit
itself has many useful and valuable features including the grid independence which facilitates straightforward inter-model comparisons without the issues of re-gridding model and observation data. The use of front-loading functions and the html output make this is a very user-friendly toolkit which is also welcoming. The manuscript provides a thorough and detailed description of the toolkit that would be a useful resource and basic guide for potential users. However, the manuscript is quite long and verbose in places and so would benefit greatly from improvements to its structure and presentation. I have provided specific comments including suggestions on making the manuscript clearer below.

Thank you for their kind words and clear summary.

2.2 Specific Comments

Abstract: It would be useful to state the intention of the manuscript upfront echoing the text on Pg 3 lines 2-5:

We added the following lines to the abstract:

A brief outline of how to access and install the repository is presented in appendix A, but the specific details on how to use the toolkit are available in the code repository.

Pg 2, lines 19 - 33: Much of the text here seems to repeat ideas and themes from the preceding part of the introduction which makes the Introduction as a whole difficult to follow. I would suggest the text on UKESM1 follows well from the CMIP text, and the text between be incorporated into the first few paragraphs.

We moved the two paragraphs (p2 lines 25-34) to the start of the introduction chapter.

Section 1.1: I appreciate the discussion in this section, as it’s rare to find reflections of this kind. The section raises a number of important issues such as the scarcity and uncertainty associated with observations and the trade-off of between model complexity and computational efficiency. However I think these require a more quantitative approach to model evaluation (e.g., Stow et al., 2009, Progress in Marine Systems; Kriest et al., 2012, Global Biogeochemical Cycles; Buchanan et al., 2018, Global Biogeochemical Cycles) that is not currently available with this toolkit. Therefore, I don’t think this section fits well within the manuscript and could be removed to make a more concise manuscript and still be equally strong.

This section was removed, and the rest of the subsection was refocused on model evaluation.

Pg 3, line 27: please briefly elaborate on the influence of biology on physical circulation

We were referring to the impact of self-shading on water column temperature. However, the section was removed, as suggested by reviewer #1.

Pg 4, lines 8 - 10: export production is a pertinent example here that could be included to provide a biology-specific example e.g., Boyd Trull (2007) Progress in Oceanography; Henson et al., (2011) Geophysical Research Letters

Thanks, these references were added as examples.

Section 2: Concepts such as grid-cells and masking are defined here in a number of sentences which seems unnecessary given that readers interested in a biogeochemical model evaluation toolkit are likely to know these concepts. Removing or cutting these sentences down would streamline the text and make it easier to read.
Pg. 6, line 11: this is very similar to the preceding sentences

Removed entire paragraph.

Pg. 18 line 18: ... is a climatological dataset, and hence does have a time component, is a 'not' missing here?

For clarity, we changed this sentence to:

The WOA data used here is an annual-average climatological dataset, and hence does not have a time component.

Pg. 22 line 22: I would generally take point to point analysis in a model-data comparison context to refer to the use of individual bottle measurements rather than climatological data. I’m not clear which of these this section is demonstrating. In either case, is there a procedure for when multiple observations correspond with a single model grid-box?

Point-to-point is a valid description of this case, because even the most thorough biogeochemical datasets typically contain regions with no data. We try to avoid interpolated datasets for this work. Nevertheless, point to point is the best way to compare models to observational dataset without interpolating them to a common grid. The point to point tools are fully described in de Mora 2012 (gmd-6-533-2013). We continue to use the methods described in that work, where we took the mean of all data points when multiple observations correspond with a single model grid box and vice versa.

Figures: There are a number of figures given as examples of BGC-val output but they are quite difficult to link to the different packages discussed. I think it would be much clearer and easier to comprehend if the figures were grouped as sub-panels in individual figures. For example, Figures 3, 4, 5 could comprise a figure demonstrating the time series package, Figures 6, 7, 8 would demonstrate the time series package with a depth component, Figures 9, 10, 11 would demonstrate figures from the point-to-point package etc. . .

This was initially our plan, but we found that the shape and size of the automatically generated figures did not fit together very cleanly on a common figure. Either one axis became unreasonably small, or we were forced to include large white-space areas. We also feel that the plots shown in the paper should be representative of the automatically generated ones, so we did not want to change the aspect ratio as they currently fit into the html report. For this reason, we were forced to plot the figures as they were here. We hope that it will become clearer to read when the article is published in the two column non-discussion format.

Figures: What control do you have in setting figure characteristics such as the min/max of scales, and colour scale? Are there options to export the figures in different formats, e.g., bitmap and vector formats?

The figures are exported in the raster graphics format, PNG, as this is the easiest format for exporting from the python graphical toolkit that we use (Matplotlib). The colour scales, time scale and min/max range are set automatically by the contents of
the data. Similarly, the latitude and longitude range in map plots is determined by the scope of the data after all regional masks have been applied.

Section 5: Many of the concepts such as AMOC, ACC, anthropogenic CO2 and productivity discussed are each defined in a number of sentences. Again, it would seem that readers would be mostly familiar with these concepts. Removing or cutting these sentences down would help streamline the section and make it easier to demonstrate the toolkit capabilities.

I would argue that defining these terms at the first use is fairly crucial in technical publications like this one. For instance, it is not impossible that a future reader of this article comes to this paper from an atmospheric evaluation perspective (or computer science perspective, for that matter). These ocean-specific terms need to be defined in order that non-ocean scientists can understand their significance.

Conclusions: Can you expand on potential future developments or expansions? For example, could quantitative model evaluation be built into this toolkit such as Taylor diagrams and other metrics (Jolliff et al., 2009; Stow et al., 2009 in Journal of Marine Systems). Does the design of the code facilitate this?

Indeed it does, and in fact, we have previously implemented both Taylor and Target diagrams in an older version of this toolkit, and they could be updated to fit the recent version of BGC-val. I have added the following text to the manuscript:

Another feature which is currently under development is the production of pattern statistics diagrams, such as Taylor and Target diagrams (Taylor 2001, Jolliff 2009).